Financial Statements and Report of Independent Auditors

For the year ended June 30, 2018 with comparative totals as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017

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Report of Independent Auditors

To the Board of Directors of The San Bruno Community Foundation:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of The San Bruno Community Foundation, a California nonprofit corporation, which comprise the statement of financial position as of June 30, 2018, and the related statements of activities and changes in net assets, functional expenses, and cash flows for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditors consider internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of The San Bruno Community Foundation as of June 30, 2018, and the changes in its net assets and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Report on Summarized Comparative Information

Novogradac & Company LLP

We have previously audited The San Bruno Community Foundation's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2017, and our report dated October 23, 2017, expressed an unmodified opinion on those audited financial statements. In our opinion, the summarized comparative information presented herein for the year ended June 30, 2017, is consistent, in all material respects, with the audited financial statements from which it has been derived.

San Rafael, California

October 29, 2018

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

June 30, 2018

with comparative totals as of June 30, 2017

ASSETS

	2018	2017
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 530,317	\$ 260,457
Investments (See Note 3)	73,224,409	71,900,879
Pledges receivable	5,000	-
Interest receivable	33,294	42,632
Prepaid expenses	14,810	8,709
Deposits	 1,253	 1,335
Total assets	\$ 73,809,083	\$ 72,214,012
LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable	\$ 30,340	\$ 23,445
Accrued scholarships	140,000	140,000
Accrued grants payable	775,622	497,562
Total liabilities	945,962	 661,007
NET ASSETS		
Unrestricted		
Board designated	17,511,975	16,614,411
Non-designated	54,950,392	54,938,594
Temporarily restricted (See Note 6)	400,754	-
Total net assets	72,863,121	71,553,005
Total liabilities and net assets	\$ 73,809,083	\$ 72,214,012

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS

For the year ended June 30, 2018

with comparative totals for the year ended June 30, 2017

	-		2017	
		Temporarily		
	Unrestricted	Restricted	Total	Total
REVENUE AND OTHER SUPPORT				
Restricted donations	\$ -	\$ 647,754	\$ 647,754	\$ 15,999
Interest and dividends	1,821,286	·	1,821,286	1,557,877
Net realized / unrealized gain				
on investments	862,459	-	862,459	1,570,791
Less: investment fees	(206,735)	-	(206,735)	(201,010)
Miscellaneous income	2,000	-	2,000	
Net assets released from restrictions	247,000	(247,000)		
Total revenue and other support	2,726,010	400,754	3,126,764	2,943,657
EXPENSES				
Program expense	1,671,834		1,671,834	1,445,095
Management and general	144,814	12	144,814	143,173
Total expenses	1,816,648	-	1,816,648	1,588,268
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS	909,362	400,754	1,310,116	1,355,389
NET ASSETS AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	71,553,005	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	71,553,005	70,197,616
NET ASSETS AT END OF YEAR	\$ 72,462,367	\$ 400,754	\$ 72,863,121	\$ 71,553,005

STATEMENT OF FUNCTIONAL EXPENSES

For the year ended June 30, 2018 with comparative totals for the year ended June 30, 2017

	D	Management	T 1	2017
	Program Services	and General	Total	Total
SALARY AND PAYROLL				2
Salaries and wages	\$ 119,203	\$ 64,186	\$ 183,389	\$ 177,552
Payroll taxes and benefits	20,267	10,912	31,179	31,095
Total personnel expenses	139,470	75,098	214,568	208,647
OTHER EXPENSES				
Scholarships	120,000	*	120,000	120,000
Grants	1,323,900	-	1,323,900	1,121,047
Rent	9,168	4,936	14,104	13,166
Insurance	-	17,853	17,853	16,510
Telecommunications	1,180	636	1,816	1,816
Postage and shipping	1,173	631	1,804	1,899
Printing and copying	8,205	1,874	10,079	9,904
Office supplies	1,171	631	1,802	1,805
Office equipment and furniture		-	¥	198
Legal fees	21,280	8,846	30,126	28,621
Accounting and payroll fees	-	30,180	30,180	27,940
Other professional services	46,083	195	46,278	32,149
Travel, meetings and conferences	204	2,660	2,864	3,163
Miscellaneous		1,274	1,274	1,403
Total other expenses	1,532,364	69,716	1,602,080	1,379,621
TOTAL EXPENSES	\$ 1,671,834	\$ 144,814	\$ 1,816,648	\$ 1,588,268

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

For the year ended June 30, 2018

with comparative totals for the year ended June 30, 2017

		2018	 2017
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Change in net assets	\$	1,310,116	\$ 1,355,389
Adjustments to reconcile change in net assets to			
net cash provided by operating activities:			
Net realized/unrealized gain on investments		(862,459)	(1,570,791)
(Decrease) increase in assets:			
Accounts receivable		-	1
Pledges receivable		(5,000)	-
Interest receivable		9,338	15,989
Prepaid expenses		(6,101)	(1,045)
Increase in liabilities:			
Accounts payable		6,895	879
Accrued scholarships		-	60,000
Accrued grants payable		278,060	442,562
Net cash provided by operating activities		730,849	302,984
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Withdrawal from deposits		82	182
Purchase of securities		(461,071)	(342,318)
Net cash used in investing activities		(460,989)	(342,136)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		269,860	(39,152)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	-	260,457	 299,609
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$	530,317	\$ 260,457

Notes to Financial Statements
June 30, 2018
with comparative totals as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017

1. Organization

The San Bruno Community Foundation (the "Foundation"), a California nonprofit corporation, was organized in 2013 as a public benefit 501(c)(3) nonprofit corporation and has been determined to be a Type I supporting organization under Section 509(a)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code ("IRC"). Pursuant to the settlement agreement dated March 12, 2012, between Pacific Gas & Electric Company ("PG&E") and the City of San Bruno (the "City"), both parties agreed to resolve and settle all claims arising out of the September 9, 2010 pipeline incident (the "Settlement Agreement"). The terms required PG&E to contribute a total of \$70 million to the City, which comprised of 1) five vacant plots of land in the Glenview (Crestmoor) neighborhood, which had a total fair market value of \$1,250,000 and 2) \$68,750,000 in cash, to transfer to a tax-exempt, nonprofit public purpose entity. Hence, the Foundation was created from the Settlement Agreement. The Foundation engages primarily in the administration of PG&E restitution funds and building community partnerships.

The Foundation's goals serve the San Bruno community by investing in projects, programs, services, and facilities that have significant and lasting benefits. Through making grants, leveraging partnerships, and taking advantage of other resources, the Foundation assists and enables the community to maximize shared investments and realize their subsequent enhancements and benefits.

2. Summary of significant accounting policies

Basis of accounting

The Foundation prepares its financial statements on the accrual basis of accounting consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The Foundation's year end for tax and financial reporting purposes is June 30.

Basis of presentation

The Foundation is required to report information regarding its financial position and activities according to three classes of net assets: unrestricted net assets, temporarily restricted net assets, and permanently restricted net assets. Unrestricted net assets represent funds, which are fully available or have been fully reserved, at the discretion of management, to utilize for any of its programs or supporting services. Temporarily restricted net assets are comprised of funds, which are restricted by donors for specific purposes or time periods. Permanently restricted net assets include contributions, which donors have specified must be maintained in perpetuity. As of June 30, 2018 and 2017, the Foundation had temporarily restricted net assets of \$400,754 and \$0, respectively.

Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Notes to Financial Statements
June 30, 2018
with comparative totals as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017

2. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include all cash balances on deposit with financial institutions and highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less at the date of acquisition. As of June 30, 2018 and 2017, cash and cash equivalents consist of the following:

		2018	2017		
Cash - operating	\$	513,818	\$	242,753	
Liquidity fund cash		16,499		17,704	
Total cash and cash equivalents	\$	530,317	\$	260,457	

Concentration of credit risk

Financial instruments that potentially subject the Foundation to concentrations of credit risk consist principally of temporary cash investments. The Foundation places its temporary cash investments with high credit quality financial institutions and, by policy, limits the amount of credit exposed to any one financial institution. The Foundation has not experienced any losses in such accounts.

Investments

The Foundation carries investments in various investment pools with readily determinable fair values and all investments are stated at their fair values in the Statement of Financial Position. Unrealized gains and losses are included in the change in net assets in the accompanying Statement of Activities and Changes in Net Assets.

Accounts receivable

Management considers receivables to be fully collectible. If amounts become uncollectible, they are charged to operations in the period in which that determination is made. Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the allowance method be used to recognize bad debts; however, the effect of using the direct write-off method is not materially different from the results that would have been obtained under the allowance method.

Fair value measurements

The Foundation applies the accounting provisions related to fair value measurements. These provisions define fair value as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date, establish a hierarchy that prioritizes the information used in developing fair value estimates and require disclosure of fair value measurements by level within the fair value hierarchy. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to quoted prices in active markets (Level 1 measurements) and the lowest priority to unobservable data (Level 3 measurements), such as the reporting entity's own data. These provisions also provide valuation techniques, such as the market approach (comparable market prices), the income approach (present value of future income or cash flows) and the cost approach (cost to replace the service capacity of an asset or replacement cost).

Notes to Financial Statements
June 30, 2018
with comparative totals as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017

2. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

A financial instrument's categorization within the valuation hierarchy is based upon the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement. The three levels of valuation hierarchy are defined as follows:

- Level 1: Observable inputs such as quoted prices (unadjusted) for identical assets or liabilities in active markets.
- Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices for similar assets and liabilities in active markets, and inputs that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly, for substantially the full term of the financial instrument.
- Level 3: Unobservable inputs that reflect the Foundation's own assumptions.

The following tables present the Foundation's assets that are measured and recognized at fair value on a recurring basis classified under the appropriate level of the fair value hierarchy as of June 30, 2018 and 2017:

	June 30, 2018							
							F	Fair Value
	_	Level 1		Level 2		Level 3	Me	easurements
Assets								
Liquidity pool	\$	339,226	\$	-	\$	-	\$	339,226
Strategic pool		55,373,208		- €		-		55,373,208
Quasi-endowment pool		17,511,975		-		-		17,511,975
Total assets	\$	73,224,409	\$		\$	-	\$	73,224,409
	June 30, 2017							
	-			June 5	0, 20	<i>717</i>	F	Fair Value
	_	Level 1		Level 2		Level 3	-	easurements
Assets								
Liquidity pool	\$	70,785	\$	€:	\$	-	\$	70,785
Strategic pool		55,215,683		-		-		55,215,683
Quasi-endowment pool		16,614,411				-		16,614,411
Total assets	\$	71,900,879	\$	-	\$	-	\$	71,900,879

Notes to Financial Statements
June 30, 2018
with comparative totals as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017

2. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

Income taxes

The Foundation is a not-for-profit corporation under Section 501(c)(3) of the IRC and Section 23701(d) of the California Revenue and Taxation Code and therefore, is generally exempt from both federal and state income taxes, except on net income derived from unrelated business activities.

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires the Foundation to report information regarding its exposure to various tax positions taken. Management has determined whether any tax positions have met the recognition threshold and has measured its exposure to those tax positions. Management believes that the Foundation has adequately addressed all relevant tax positions and that there are no unrecorded tax liabilities. Federal tax authorities generally have the right to examine and audit the previous three years of tax returns filed. California tax authorities generally have the right to examine and audit the previous four years of tax returns filed. Any interest or penalties assessed to the Foundation are recorded in operating expenses. No interest or penalties from federal or state tax authorities were recorded in the accompanying financial statements.

Scholarships expense

The Foundation offers three types of scholarships, which are defined as follows:

- 1. \$5,000 each year for four years, totaling \$20,000, for a high school student to attend a 4-year college.
- 2. \$2,500 each year for two years, totaling \$5,000, for a high school student to attend a 2-year community college.
- 3. \$5,000 each year for two years, totaling \$10,000, for a community college student who transfers to a 4-year college.

Members of the San Bruno community are eligible to apply for a scholarship. Scholarships are recognized when they have been awarded. Recipients are required to renew their scholarships for each year by submitting proof of full time enrollment for the following fall and certification of status as a student in good standing, by June 1 of each year. For both the years ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, scholarship expense was \$120,000. As of both June 30, 2018 and 2017, accrued scholarships payable was \$140,000.

Grant expense

Grants are recognized when they are approved by the board, all significant conditions are met, all due diligence has been completed, and grant agreements have been executed. Grant refunds are recorded as a reduction of grant expense at the time the Foundation receives or is notified of the refund. For the years ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, grant expense was \$1,323,900 and \$1,121,047, respectively. As of June 30, 2018 and 2017, accrued grants payable was \$775,622 and \$497,562, respectively.

Functional allocation of expenses

For the years ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, all of the Foundation's expenses are classified as Program or Management, and there were no fundraising activities undertaken in either year. Expenses that can be identified with a specific program or supporting service are charged directly to the related program or supporting service. Expenses that are associated with more than one program or supporting service are allocated based on an evaluation by the Foundation's management.

Notes to Financial Statements
June 30, 2018
with comparative totals as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017

2. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

Subsequent events

Subsequent events have been evaluated through October 29, 2018, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued. There are no subsequent events requiring disclosure.

3. Investments

Securities are stated at current market value and consist of the following as of June 30, 2018 and 2017:

	Cost	2018 Market Value
Liquidity pool	Cost \$ 338,304	Market Value \$ 339,226
Strategic pool	55,130,952	55,373,208
Quasi-endowment pool	15,929,143	17,511,975
Total securities	<u>\$ 71,398,399</u>	\$ 73,224,409
		2017
	Cost	Market Value
Liquidity pool	\$ 70,067	\$ 70,785
Strategic pool	54,759,627	55,215,683
Quasi-endowment pool	15,498,247	16,614,411
Total securities	\$ 70,327,941	\$ 71,900,879

The following schedule summarizes the investment return and its classification in the Statement of Activities and Changes in Net Assets for the years ended June 30, 2018 and 2017:

		2018		2017
Interest and dividends	\$	1,821,286	\$	1,557,877
Realized gain		609,389		401,654
Unrealized gain		253,070		1,169,137
Less: investment fees	2	(206,735)	_	(201,010)
Total investment returns	\$	2,477,010	\$	2,927,658

4. Office lease

The Foundation entered into an office lease with San Bruno Office Associates, LLC, which expires on March 31, 2020, with monthly payments of \$1,161. The monthly rent increases annually at a rate of 3% on April 1 of each year. For the years ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, office lease payments were \$14,104, and \$13,166, respectively. The Foundation's total minimum rental commitments for the lease for the year ending June 30, are as follows:

2019	\$ 14,468
2020	 11,079
Total	\$ 25,547

Notes to Financial Statements
June 30, 2018
with comparative totals as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017

5. Employee benefit plan

Effective January 1, 2015, the Foundation established a tax-deferred annuity plan qualified under Section 403(b) of the IRC for its employees. The Foundation makes non-matching contributions equal to 5% of the gross salary for individual employees. In both March 2017 and March 2018, an additional, one-time, non-matching contribution was made. For the years ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, \$18,226 and \$17,628, respectively, was contributed by the Foundation on behalf of its employees.

6. Temporarily restricted net assets

Temporarily restricted net assets consist of the following as of June 30:

	-	2018	20	17
Community Grants Fund	\$	100,000	\$	-
First Responder Effectiveness Strategic Initiative	-	300,754	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Total temporarily restricted net assets	\$	400,754	\$	

Net assets were released from restrictions by incurring expenses satisfying the restricted purpose or by the expiration of time as follows:

	 2018	20	17
Community Grants Fund	\$ 100,000	\$	-
Pedestrian Safety Strategic Initiative	126,000		-
Community Day	 21,000		
Total net assets released from restrictions	\$ 247,000	\$	

7. Prior period comparison

The financial statements include certain prior-period summarized comparative information in total but not by net asset class. Such information does not include sufficient detail to constitute a presentation in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Accordingly, such information should be read in conjunction with the Foundation's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2017, from which the summarized information was derived.